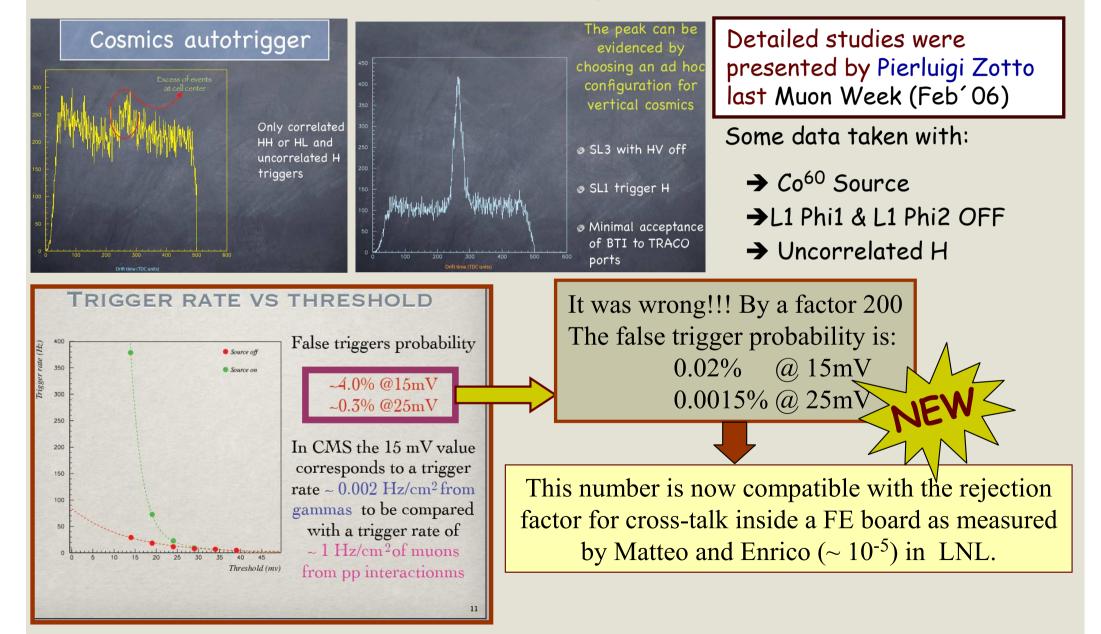
# Synchronous trigger noise

M.C.Fouz, CMS Week March 06

#### Synchronous noise given fake triggers are observed at the commissioning data. It looks like a crosstalk effect but the origin is not understood.

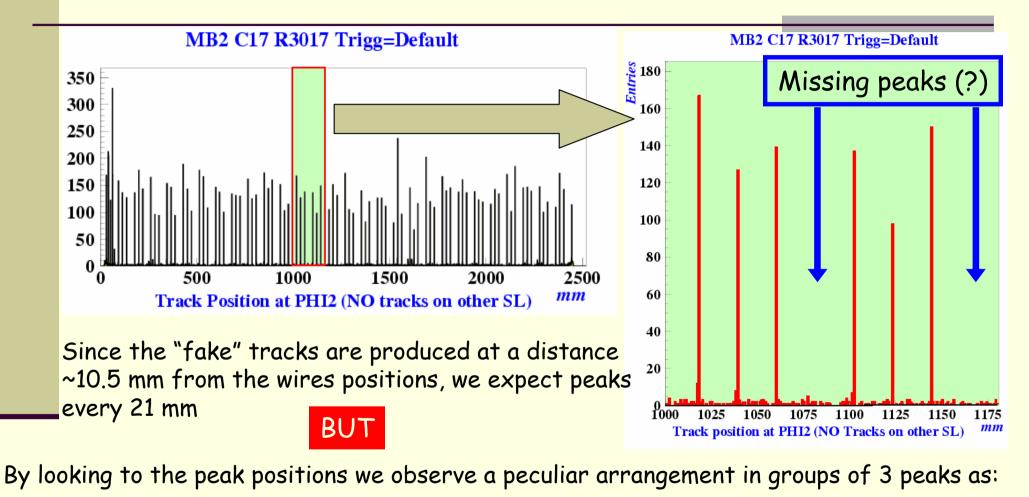


## Position of "fake" tracks on the SL (I)

Time at L1 of PHI2 Track position reconstructed at PHI2 MB2 C17 R3017 Trigg=Default MB2 C17 R3017 Trigg=Default ALL Tracks at PHI2 0 ò Track Position at PHI2 тm Tracks ONLY at PHi2 **Tracks ONLY at PHI2** 0 **Time Layer 1 PHI2** тm Track Position at PHI2 (NO tracks on other SL)

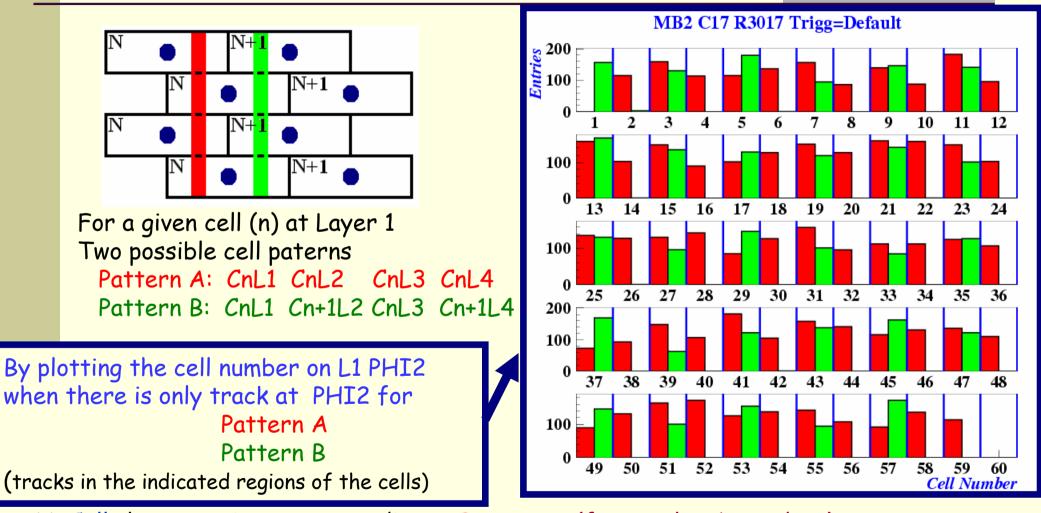
Synchronous noise can give triggers corresponding to "fake" vertical tracks at a distance ~10.5 mm from the wires positions (because of similar hit times for the four layers)

## Position of "fake" tracks on the SL (II)



GROUP X:Peak NPos\_nPeak N+1 Pos\_n +1x21Peak N+2 Pos\_n +2x21GROUP X+1:Peak N+3Pos\_n +4x21Peak N+4 Pos\_n +5x21Peak N+5 Pos\_n +6x21GROUP X+2Peak at Pos\_n +3x21 is missing !!!Is there any logic in this "cell pattern"?

### Track patterns compatible with the "fake" triggers

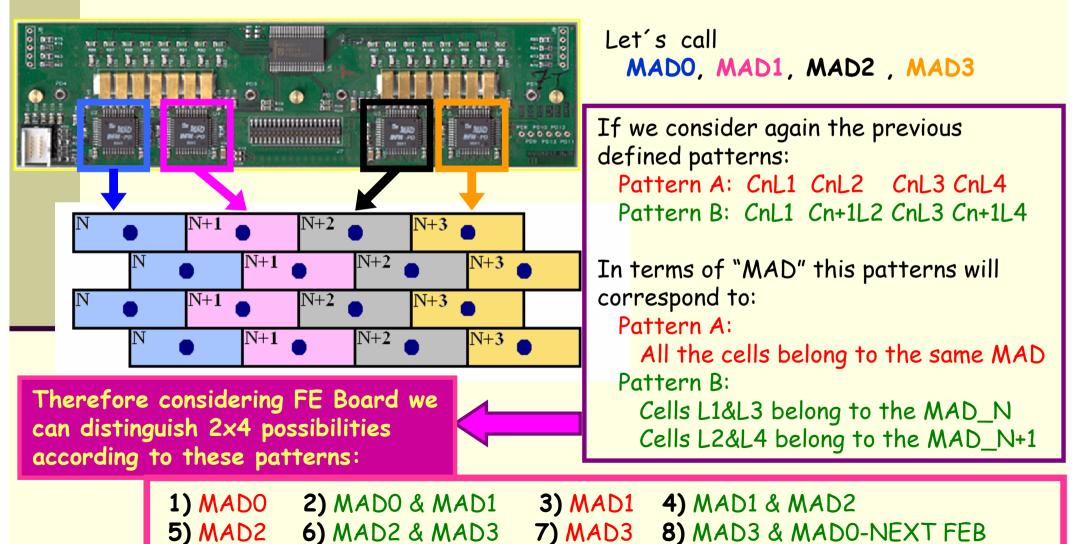


ALL Cells have entries corresponding to Pattern A (forget chamber edges) ONLY 1 every 2 Cells have entries corresponding to Pattern B

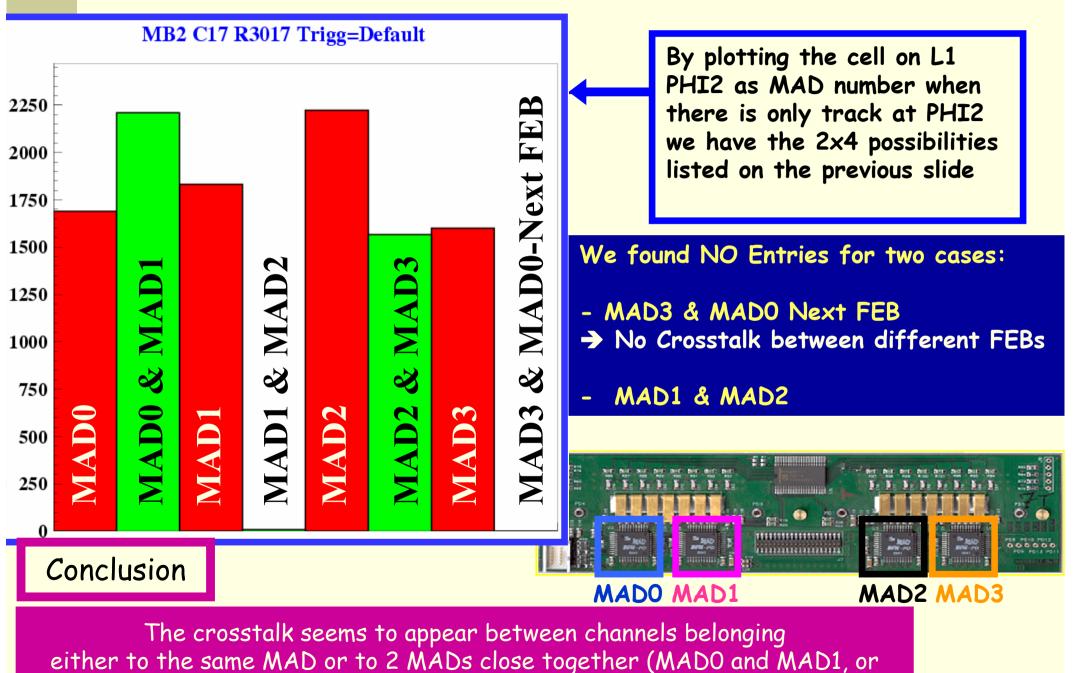
This effect could be associated to the FEBoard Channels ( > Next Slide)

## Patterns vs FE MAD channels

The 16 channel FE Board has 4 MAD Chips. Each Chip is connected to 4 cells (as shown in the figure)



### M.C.Fouz, DT Cosmic Analysis 28-02-06 Patterns vs FE MAD channels (II)



MAD2 and MAD3) BUT never between channels in MAD1 and MAD2

## The previous studies have been extended to the data taken a Legnaro

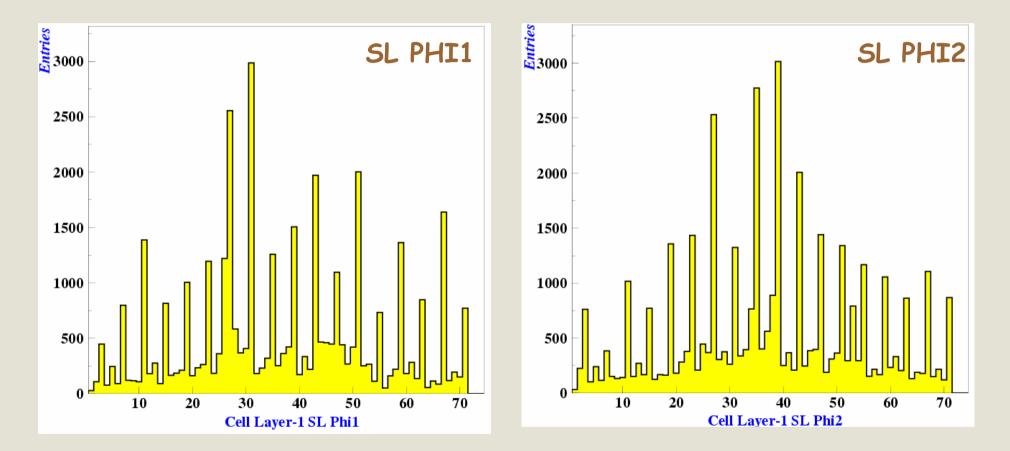
→ Co<sup>60</sup> Source

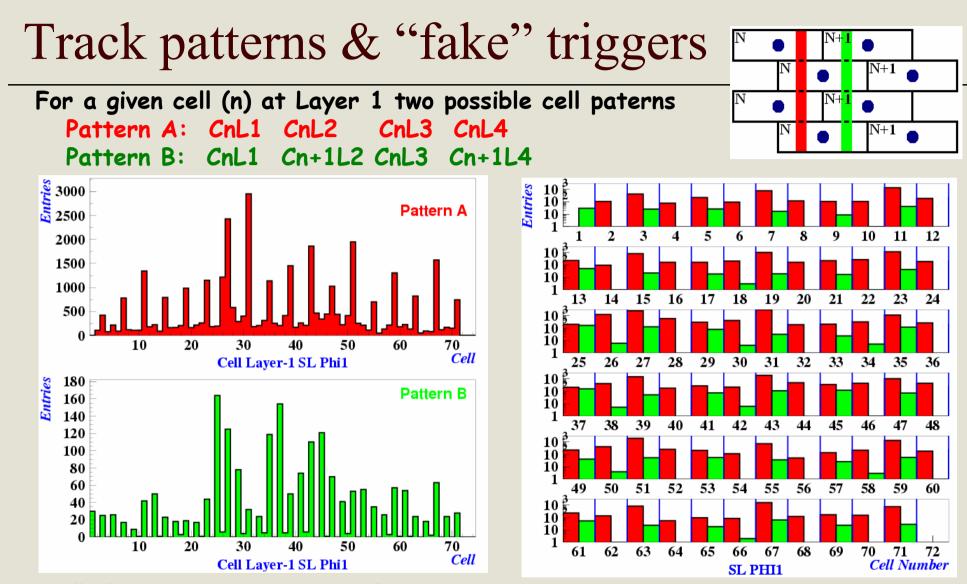
→ L1 Phi1 & L1 Phi2 OFF

Trigger = Uncorrelated H

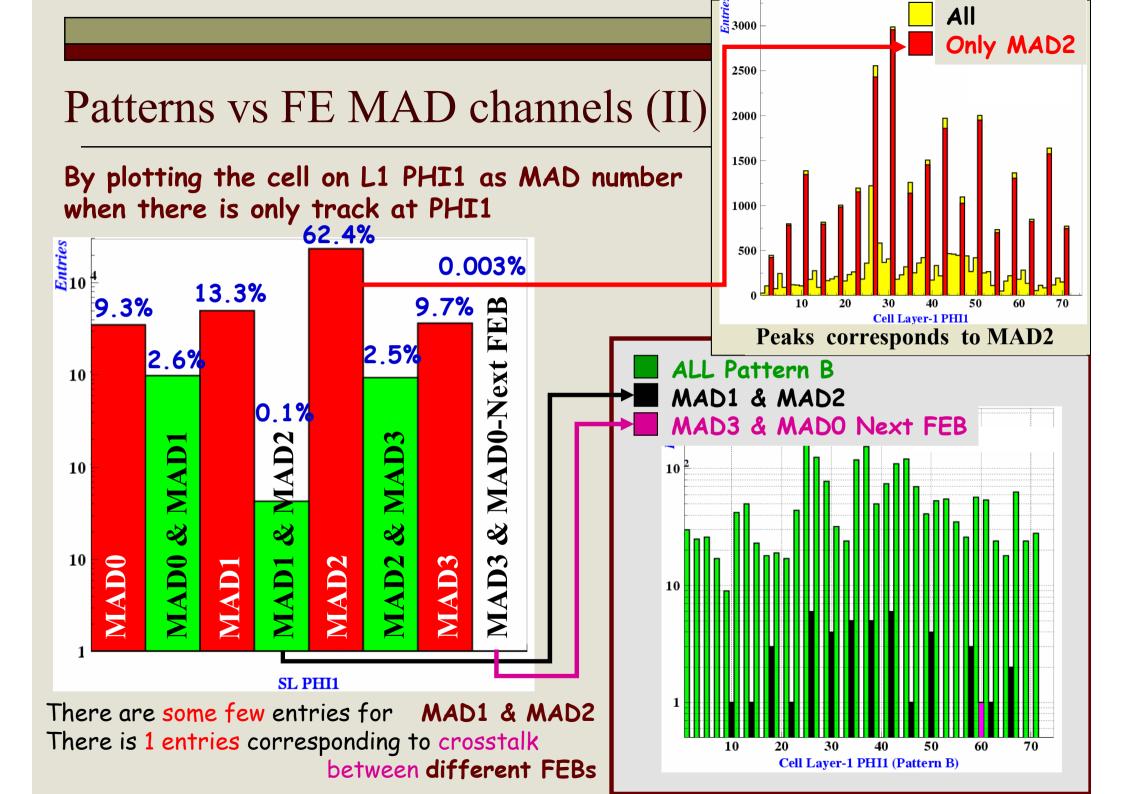
## Cell ocupancy - Layer 1

### Distributions ONLY for hits on fitted tracks





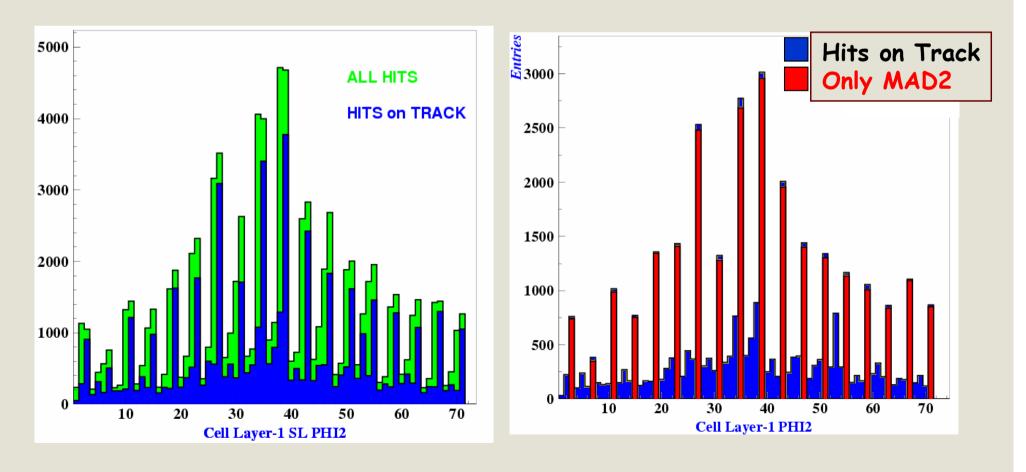
ALL Cells have entries corresponding to Pattern A ALL ODD cells BUT also SOME EVEN cells have entries corresponding to Pattern B Pattern B represents only the ~5% of all events For a given cell, Pattern B represents ~10-20% of all events (notice the logarithmic scale on the right plot)



## Fitted hits vs all hits

If we compare the total number of hits for cells at layer 1 with the distribution for hits on fitted tracks we observe that:

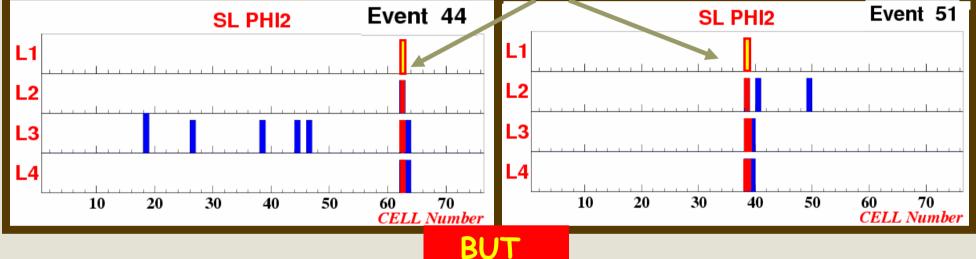
For hits on track there are peaks corresponding to the configuration of ONLY MAD2 For ALL hits there are peaks on cells of MAD1 that do not corresponds to fitted tracks



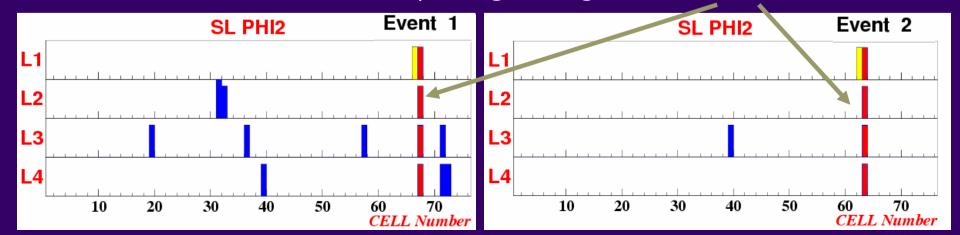
## Hits at L1 on MAD1 (I)

### By looking for events having hits at L1 on MAD1

In few cases the hit is associated to a track passing through this cell

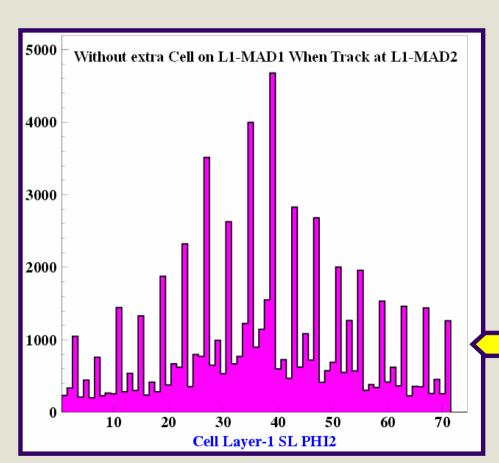


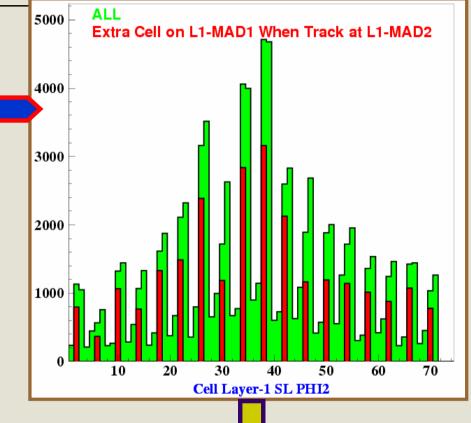
In most of events the track is passing through cells of MAD2



## Hits at L1 on MAD1 (II)

If we plot the cell of L1-MAD1 having hits for events where the track is passing through cell L1-MAD2 the red peaks are obtained





By subtracting both plots (green-red) we obtain a distribution similar to the distribution obtained for the hits on fitted tracks.

There are peaks only at cells of MAD2, the peaks at MAD1 disappear.

## Summary

□ Studies performed on cosmic data shows a "pattern behavior" of the noise trigger that could be related with crosstalk on the MAD Chips.

The analysis performed with the "special" data taken at Legnaro shows some differences:

The fraction of events on PATTERN B is much smaller than for PATTERN A
A big fraction of the tracks are produced at MAD2

In addition:

When a track is produced at MAD2 most of the times it also appears an extra hit on L1MAD1

(This was not previously studied, because in normal cosmic data we had not observed this kind of effects in MAD2)

□ The probability of having false triggers was found compatible with rejection factor for cross-talk inside a FE board.

(?)

Maybe it is something inside the FE board.