

Drift Tubes Chambers

L1 Trigger

Emulator Status and Test:

- **Bench tests**
- **Test beam 2003**

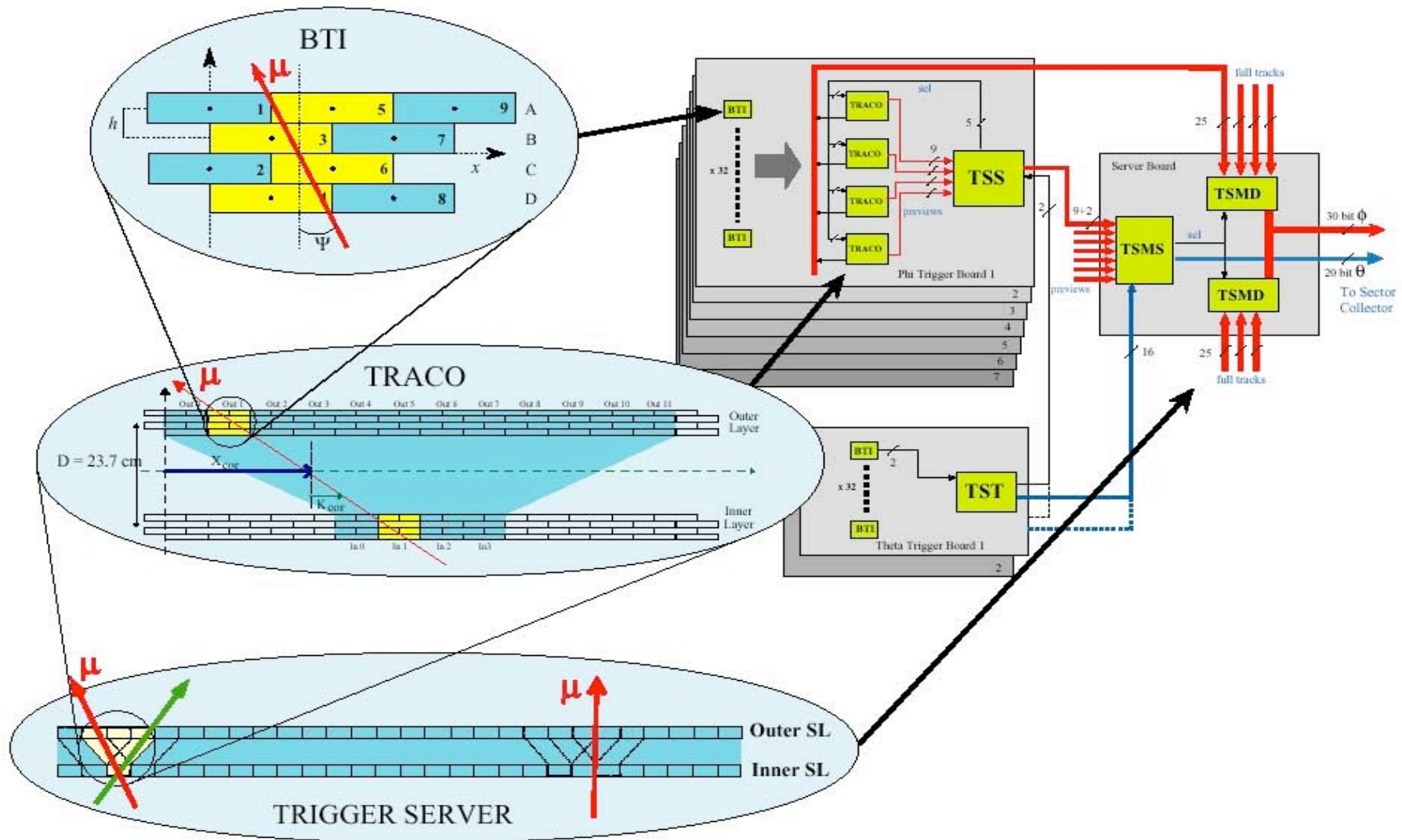
Sara Vanini – INFN Padova Italy

Muon Week - AACHEN 28-30 April 2004

Topics:

- hints about L1 trigger hardware
- test bench performance
- trigger emulation with test beam data
- conclusions and future plans

1 Level Trigger



10^9 interaction every second \longrightarrow 100 kHz to the High Level Trigger

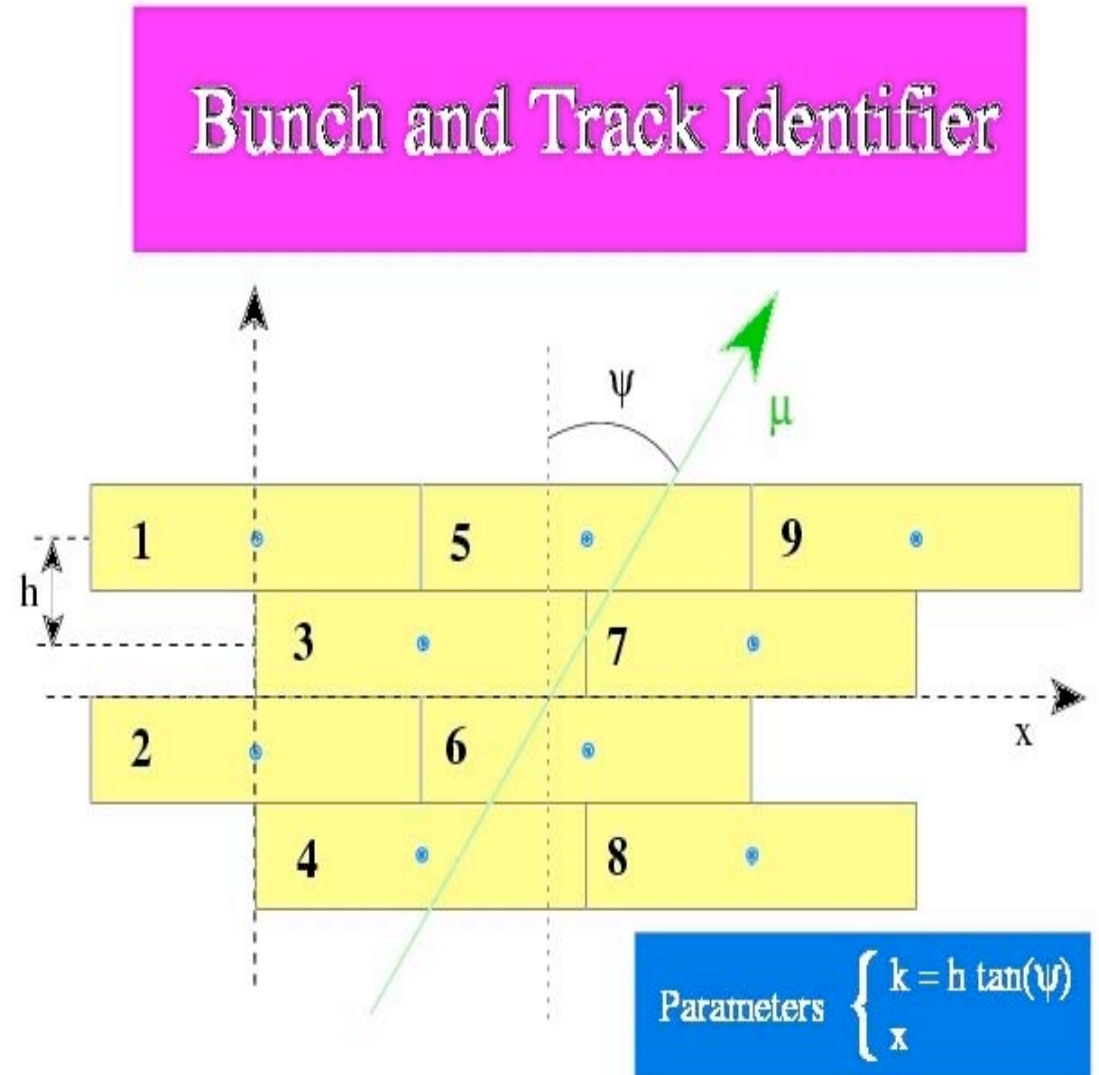
Bunch and Track Identifier

40 MHz cycle:

INPUT: 9 wires front-end signals

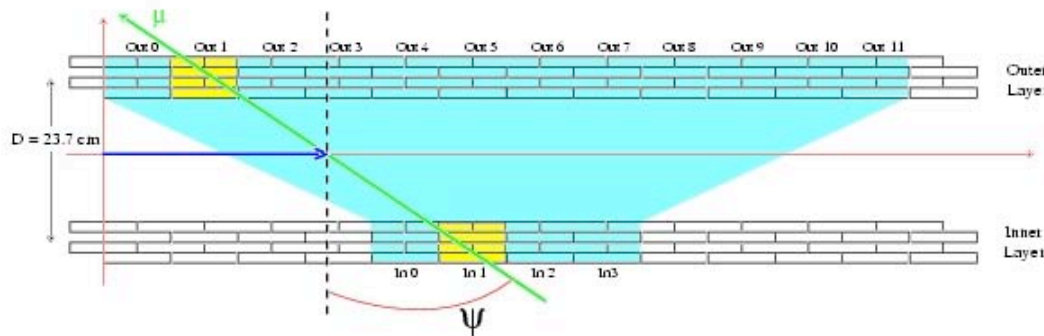
OUTPUT:

- X** position parameter (6 bits)
- K** direction parameter (6 bits)
- bunch crossing
- trigger type:
 - H**TRG - 4 hits alignment
 - L**TRG - 3 hits alignment

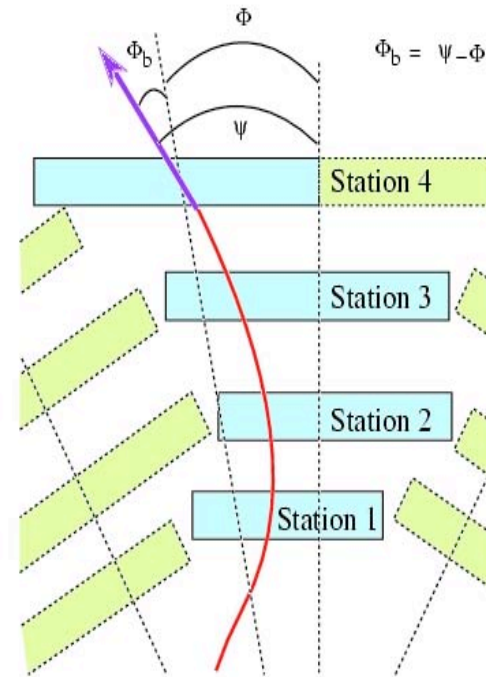


TRACO

Track Correlator



Correlates BTIs in the inner and outer Superlayers
Refines the track measurement
(angular resolution 60 mrad \rightarrow 10 mrad)
Applies noise filtering



Output parameters

Radial angle Φ (12 bits)
Bending angle Φ_b (10 bits)
Quality flags



INPUT:

- 4 inner and 12 outer **BTI triggers**

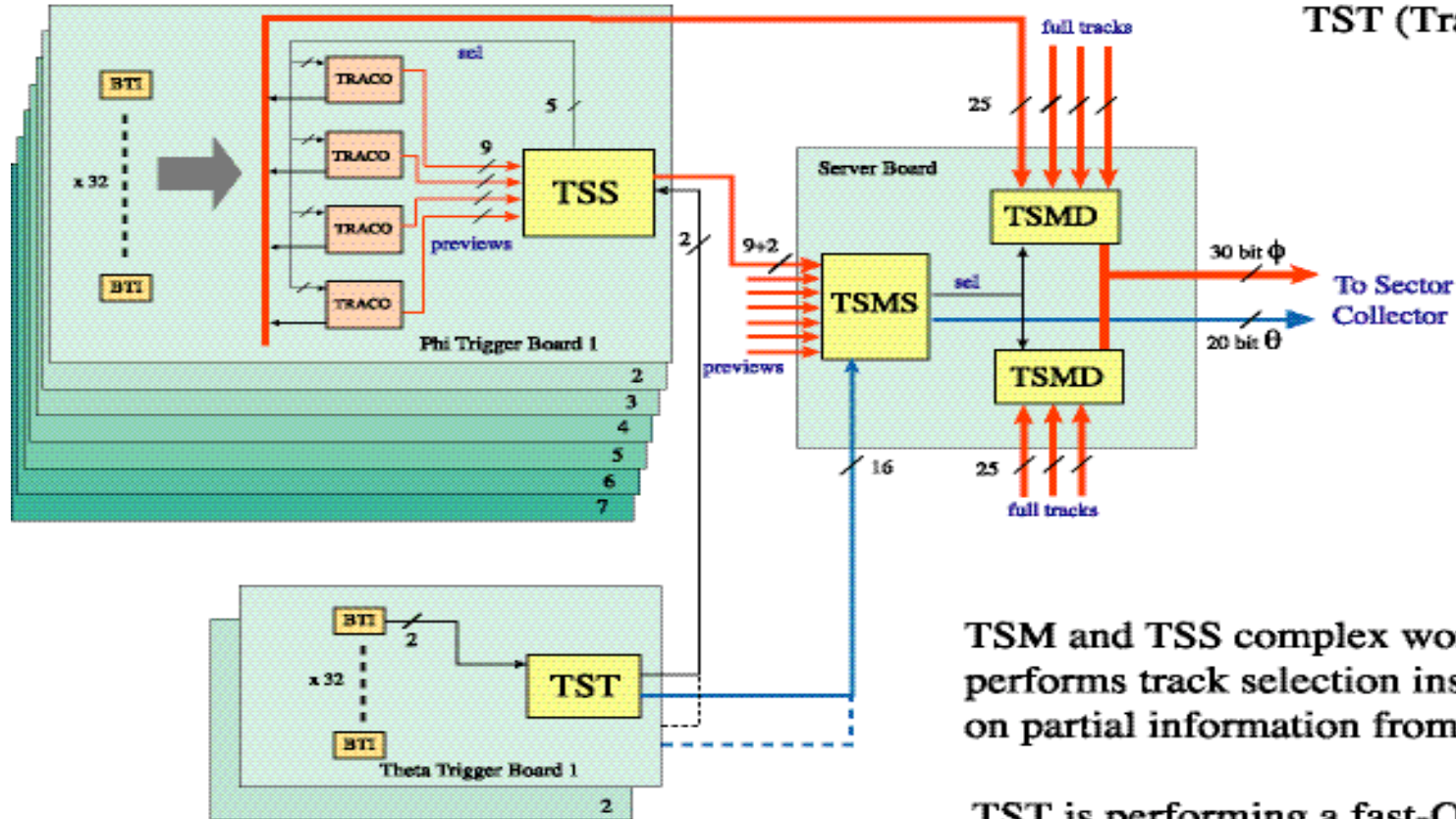
OUTPUT:

- X and K parameters of I and II track in CMS frame (**radial and bending angle**)
- trigger **quality code**: correlated HH , HL , LL and uncorrelated

Trigger Server

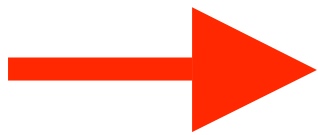
Trigger Server Architecture

Server system is divided in three parts
TSM (Track Sorter Master)
TSS (Track Sorter Slave)
TST (Track Sorter Theta)



TSM and TSS complex works on the bending plane: performs track selection inside one chamber working on partial information from TRACO (preview)

TST is performing a fast-OR of BTI signals in the longitudinal view for TRACO triggers validation



Sorts 2 best track candidates per clock within each chamber and suppresses ghosts

BTI and TRACO test on bench

BENCH TEST SETUP:

- BTI or TRACO chip
- input pattern unit and an output pattern unit
- pc for pattern unit read and write operations through data interface



It's possible to :

inject every possible pattern stream in every possible setup,
analyse output pattern stream **to test chip functionality** and performance

BTI and TRACO emulator

Using bench test with a well working chip it's possible to:

compare hardware output stream with chip emulator output



GOAL : obtain an emulator reproducing the hardware at **100%:**
every bit at every clock for every setup

Emulator code:

FIRST EMULATOR CODE:

Single chip standalone emulator from **ORCA_4** L1 Trigger package (Claudio Grandi).

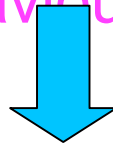
SITUATION:

★missing **parameters**:

- redundancies-ON and X-type patterns-ON **mask** added
- trigger **DEAD time** for wires implemented
- **pattern masks** added
- **wire masks** added

★incomplete or incorrect **algorithms**

★**difficulty to understand behaviour** of a chip that works on several bunch crossings

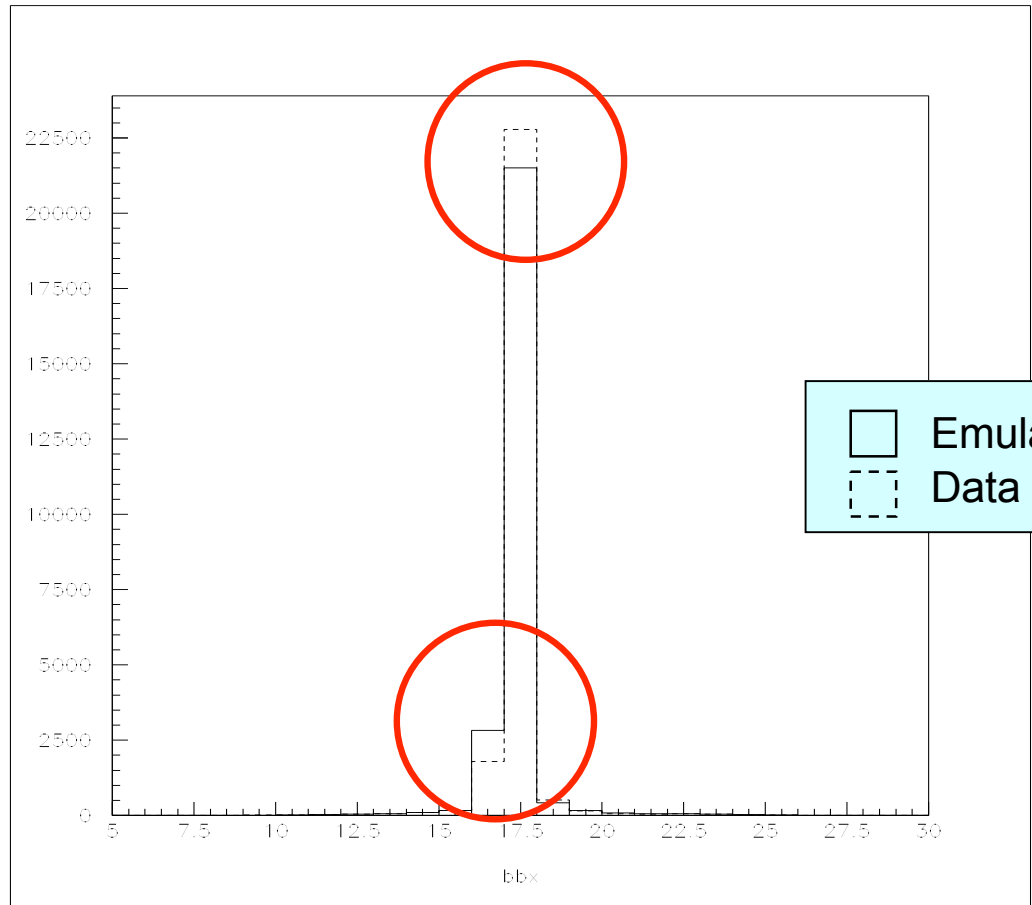


PROBLEM: missing or incorrect documentation about some chip features! Exact algorithm not described.

Need to deduce exact chip algorithm from:

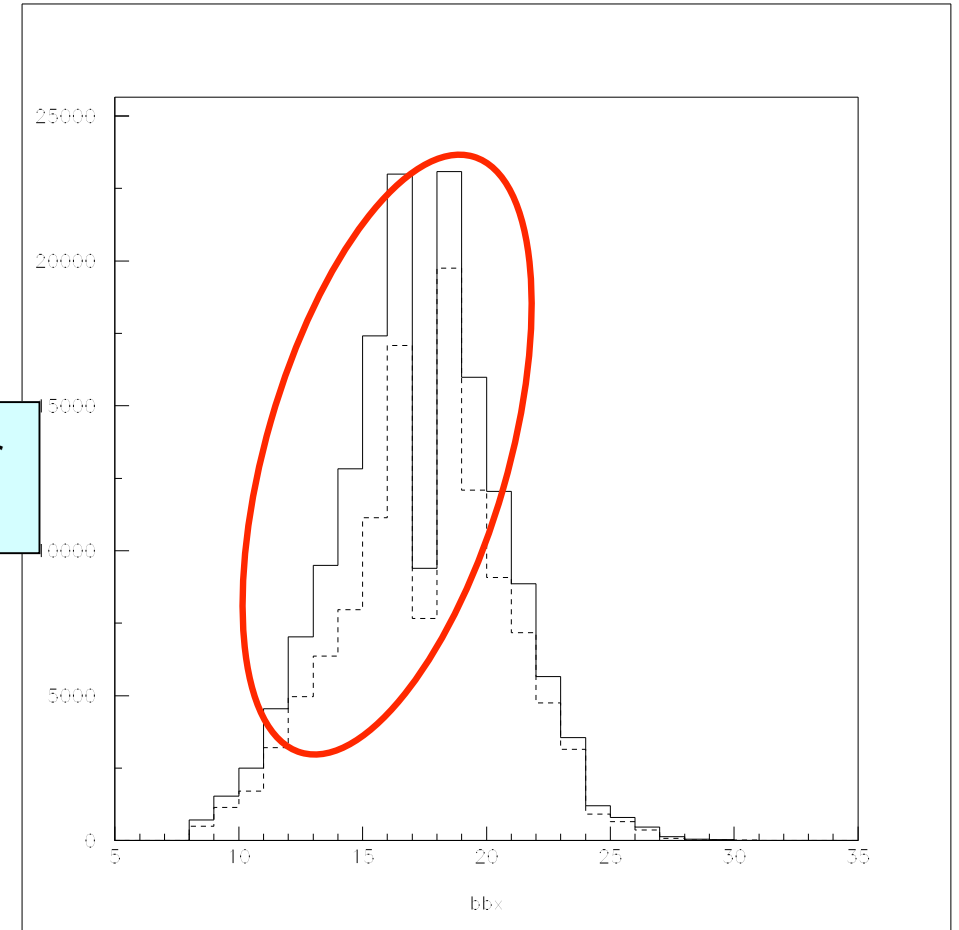
- working/not working event classification

BTI output trigger distribution



H triggers:

- 6% missing H trigs in time
- 4% H out of time



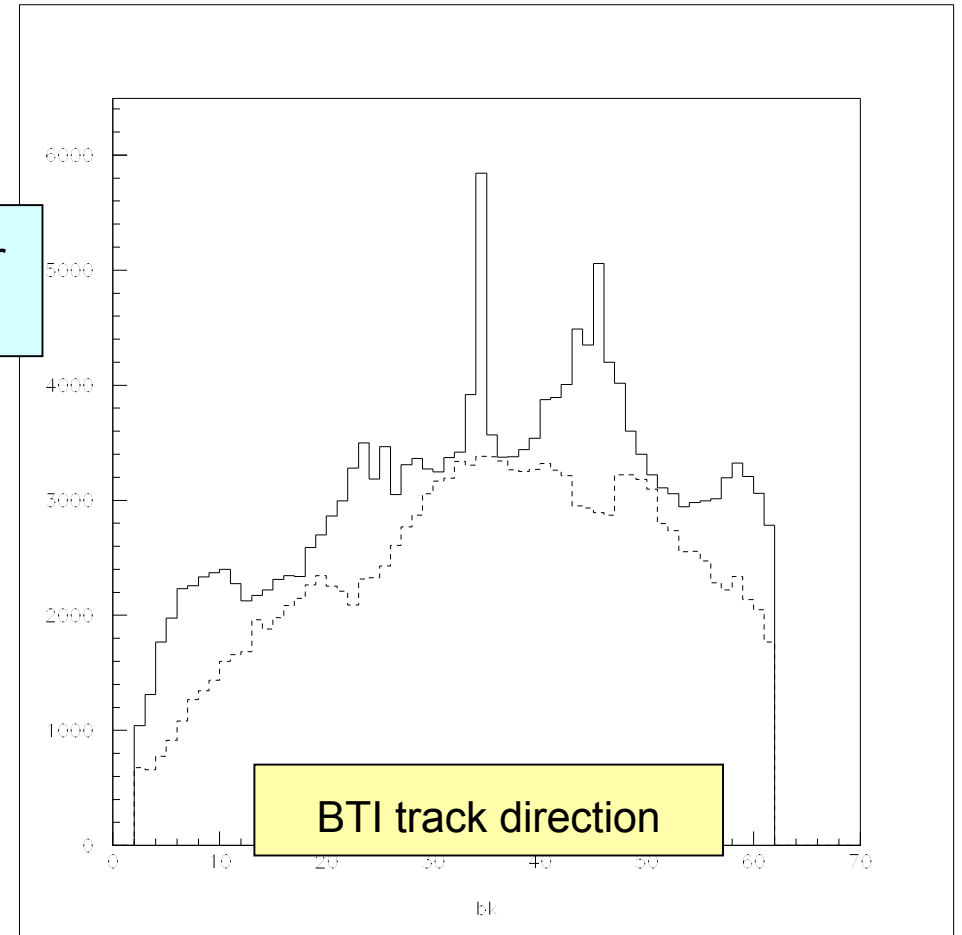
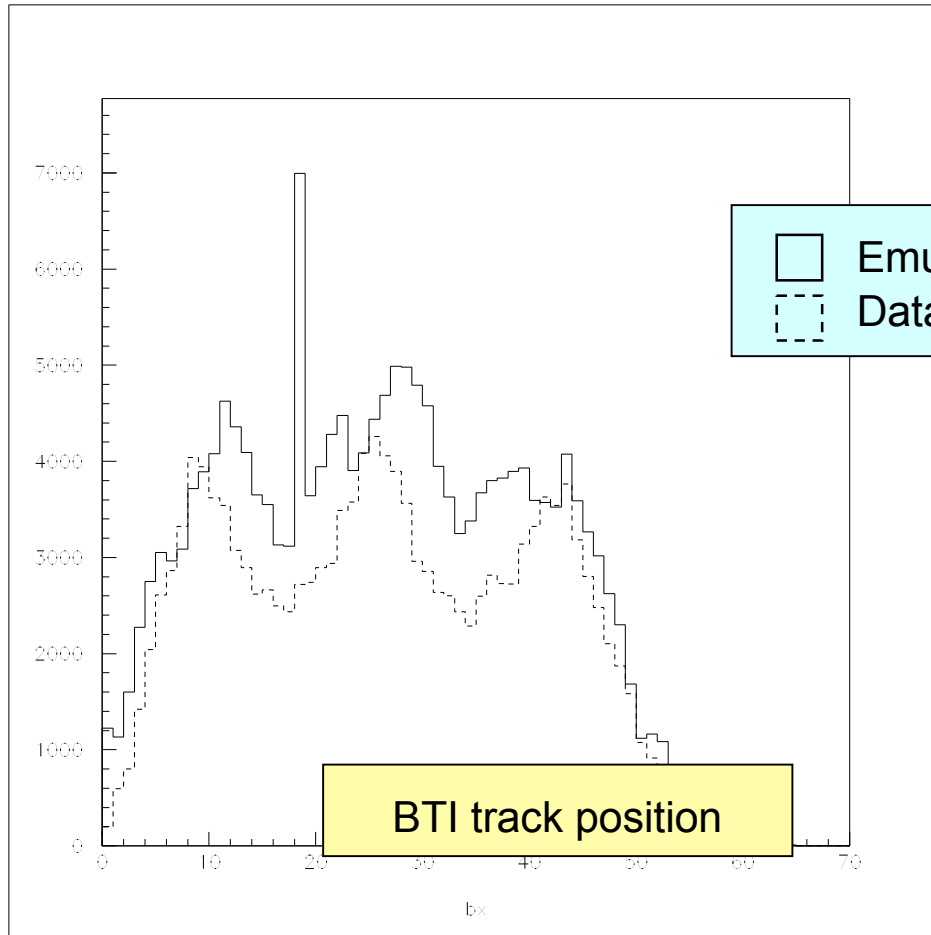
L triggers:

- 30 - 50 % excess L triggers in simulation



MI IST analyse every single event at time III

BTI X and K distributions



Improvements examples:

★ **int algebra** in K and X computation equations with remainder of divisions computed according to particular/non-intuitive tables

★ **shift register** value range fixed

★ **low triggers** fixes:

- only one K reference value!
- X equation choice for particular cases
- K range acceptance for A and D low ± 1 and ± 2 for B and C low trigger types

TRACO emulator

SITUATION: simpler behaviour: as for BTI, we deduced algorithms from hardware output.

SOME ADDED FEATURES:

- **Low Trigger Suppression** (add some flags as LVALIDIFH)
- parameter configuration and **LUTs from hardware** setup file

SOME IMPROVEMENTS:

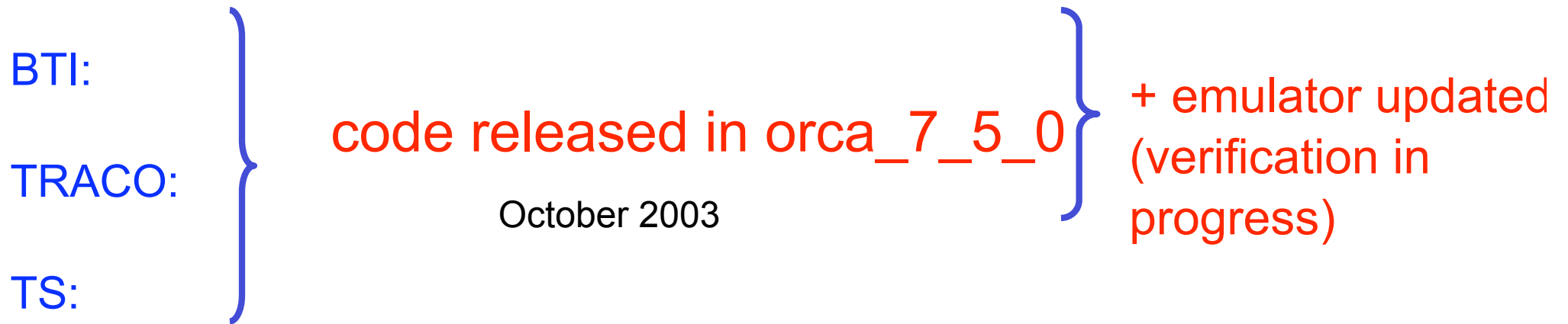
- **Low Trigger Suppression** fix:
 - 4 bx before H and 1 bx after (for both I and II track)
 - applied after bending angle cut
- **Reuse** of BTI triggers for II track fixed (only if I track is accepted)
- fix **2nd track** overlap code

**After implementation of all these
corrections**



**100 % agreement
hardware = emulation
on test bench
for every bit
at every clock
and every configuration**

L1 trigger emulation code in ORCA for testbeam data comparison



REAL DATA INTERFACE:  *at the moment private code !!!!!*

- .orcarc parameters from hardware (BTI and TRACO) setup interface
- Look Up Tables (X,K---> CMS frame) from hardware setup
- flat file input: raw data unpacking, store MuBarDigis (Paolo Ronchese - implementing Giacomo Bruno DaqOnline code for next testbeam release)

Preliminary tests : needs more work to verify

TB2003 Hardware

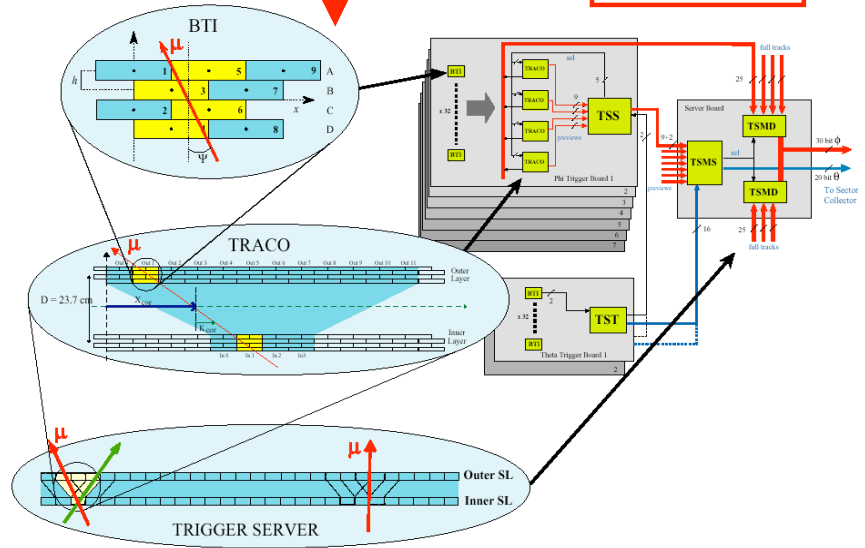
ORCA721_TB03 Simulation



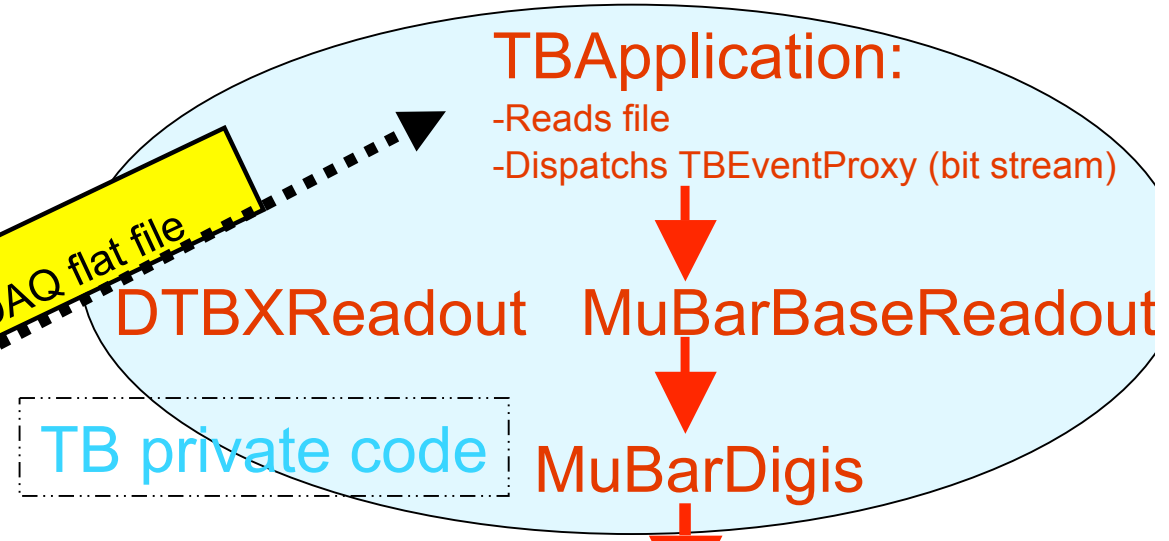
front-end signals

charge preamplifier
shaper
discriminator

TDCs



2 segments in R-phi view

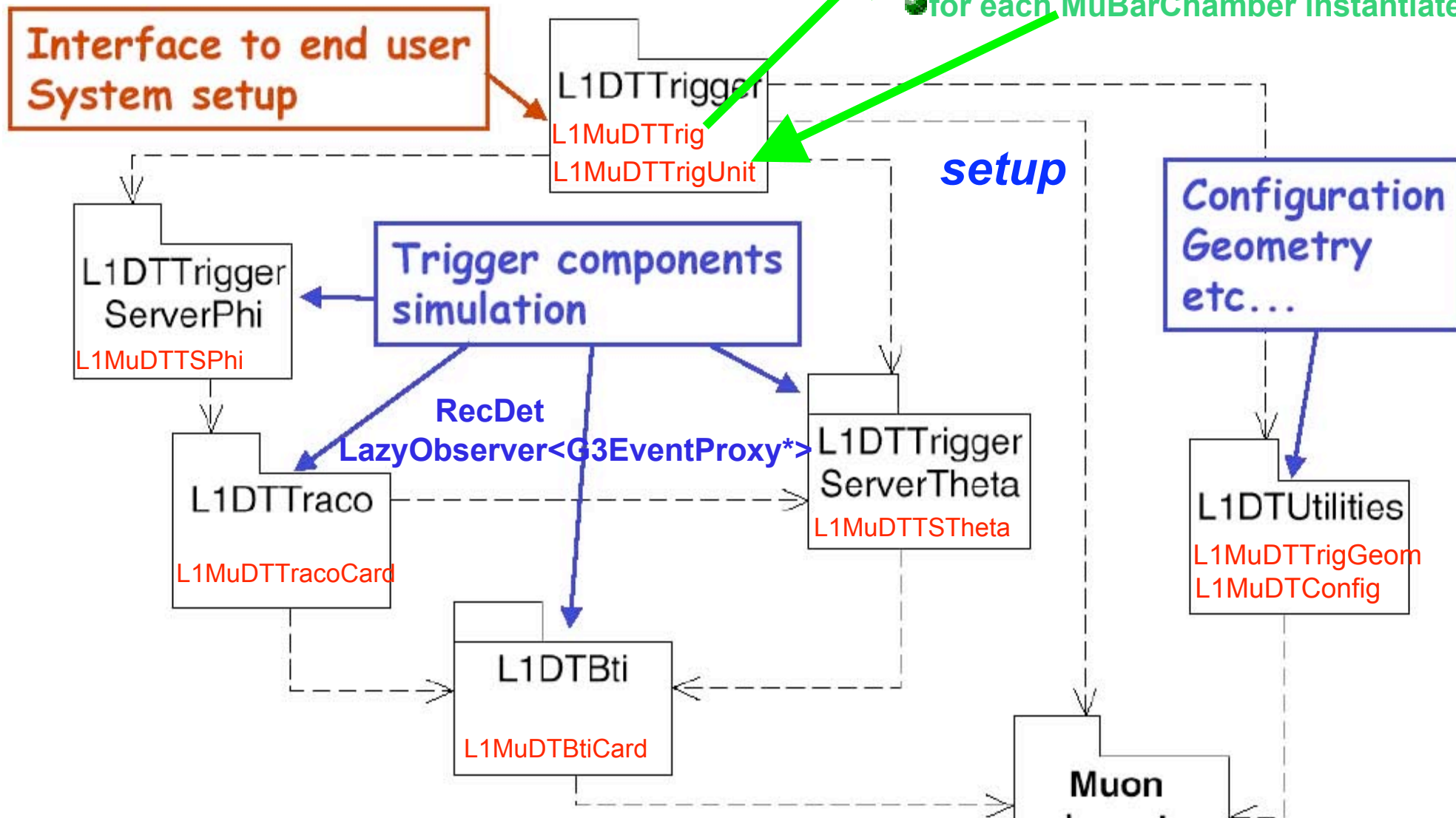


L1MuDTChambPhSegm

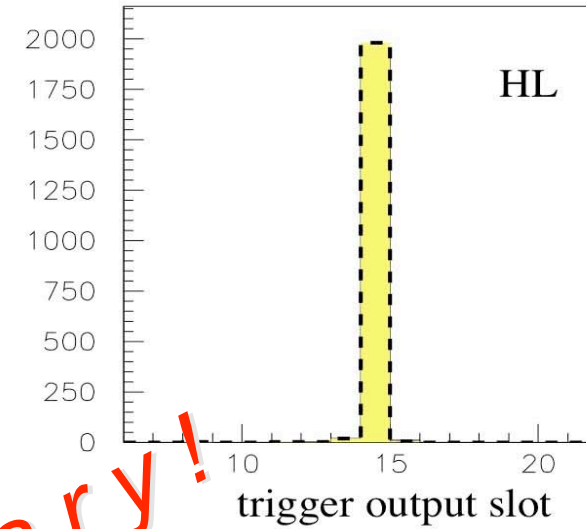
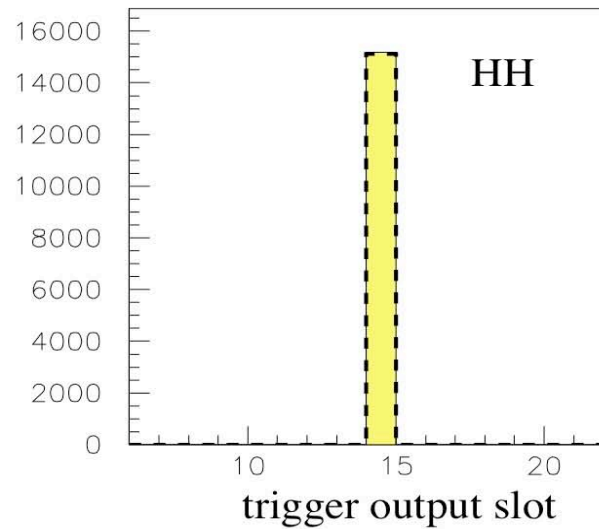


ORCA L1 Trigger Packages

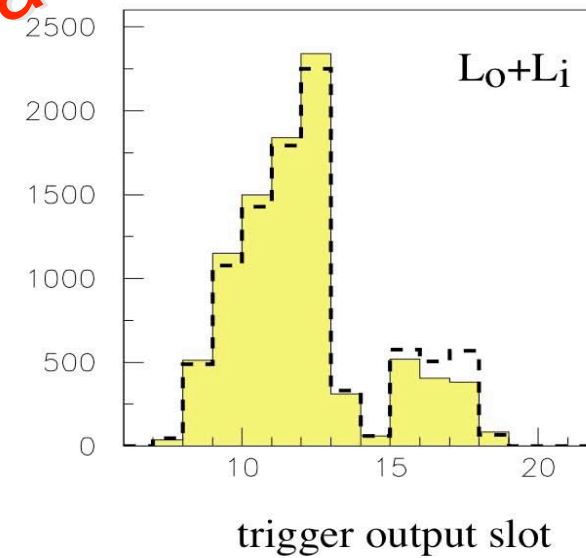
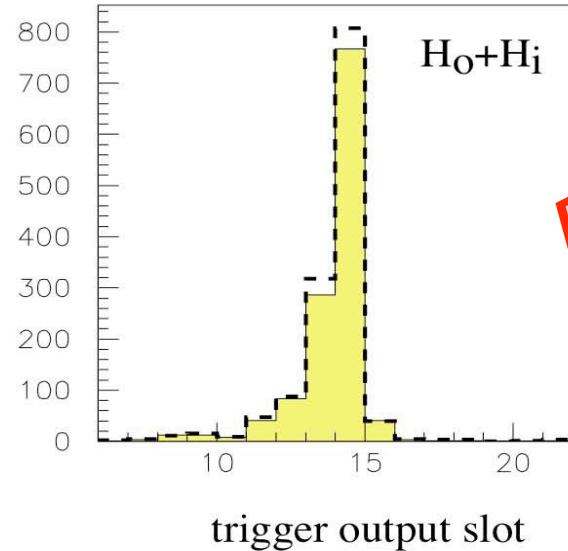
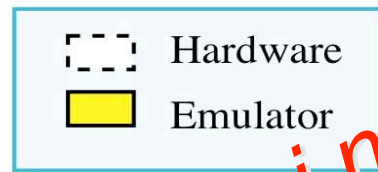
- instantiated by user as Singleton
- LazyObserver<G3SetUp*>
- for each MuBarChamber instantiates



Single muons trigger distribution - 0°



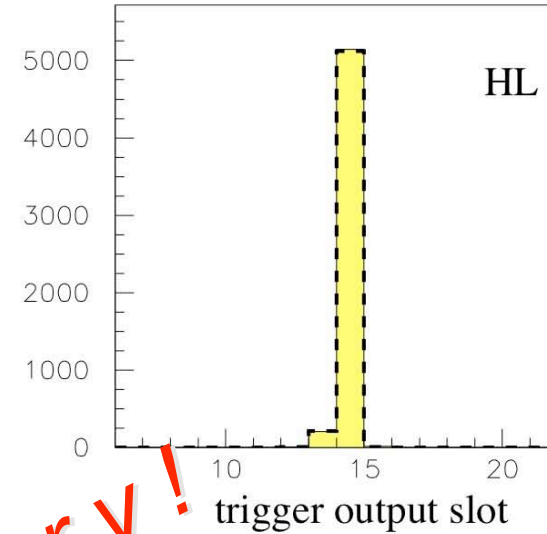
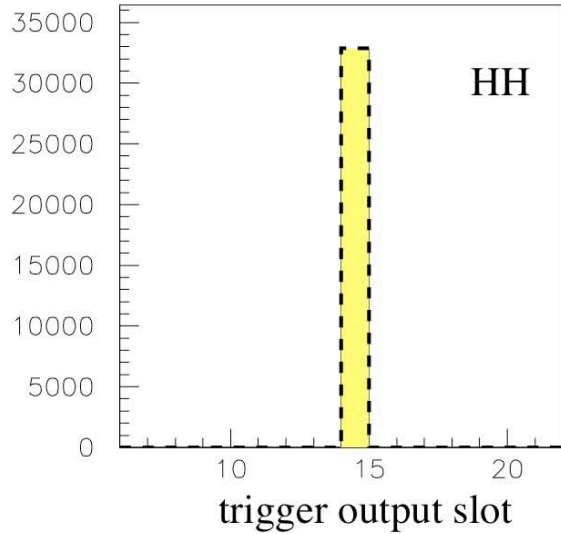
$\psi = 0^\circ$



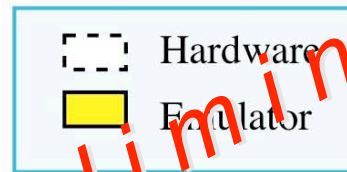
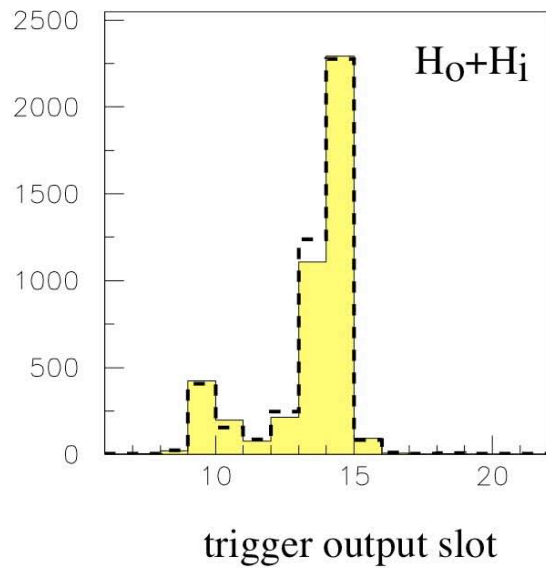
Preliminary!

→ very good agreement for correlated triggers HH HL bx distribution

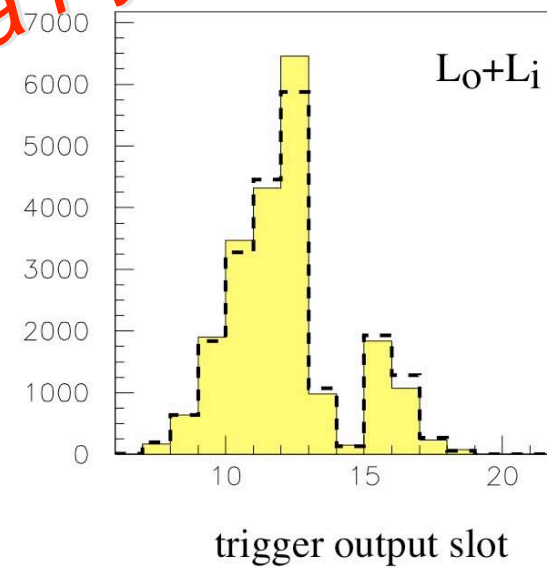
Single muons trigger distribution - 10^0



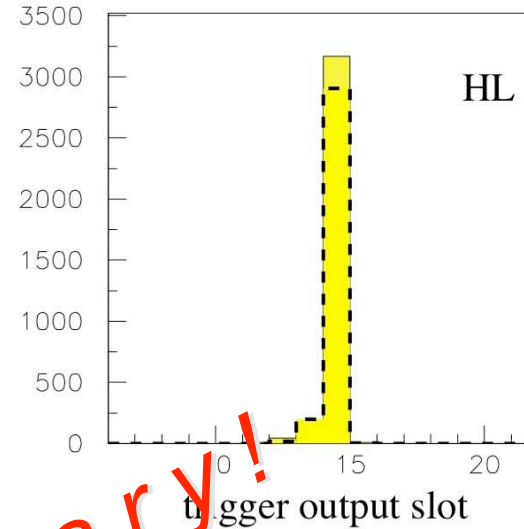
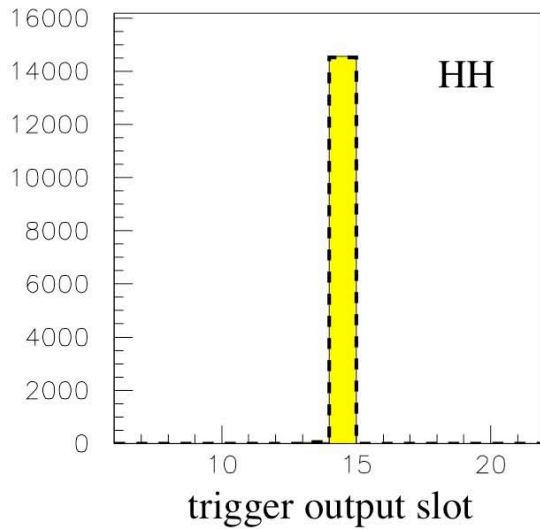
$\psi = 10^\circ$



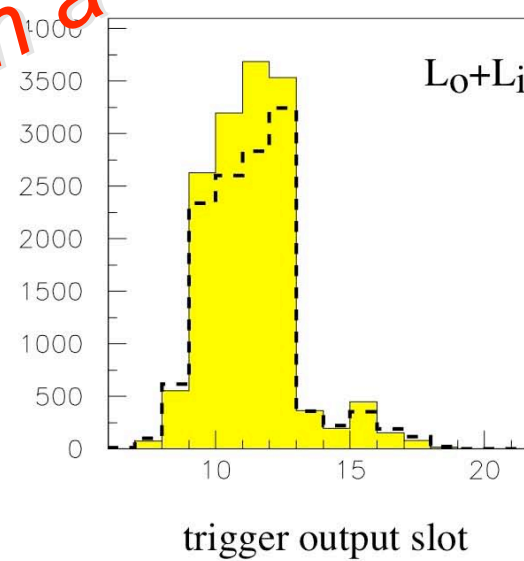
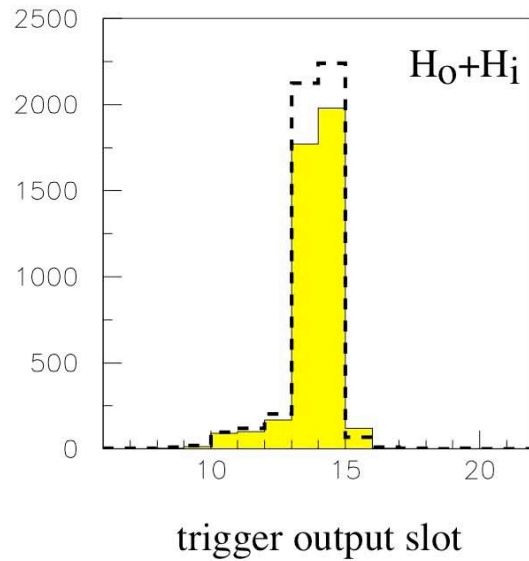
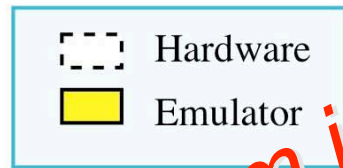
Preliminary!



Single muons trigger distribution - 30°

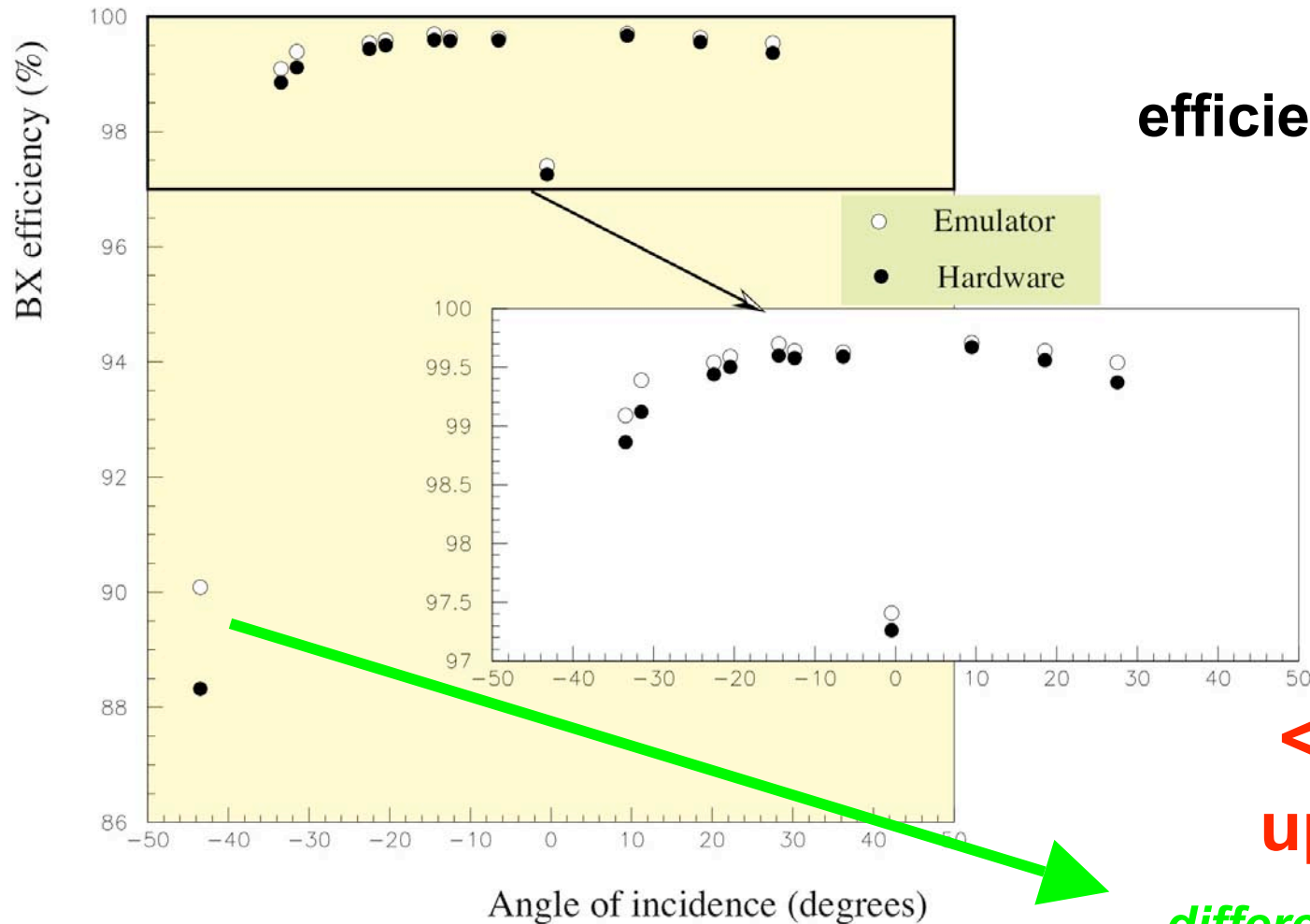


$\psi = 30^\circ$



Preliminary!

BX Efficiency vs Incident Angle

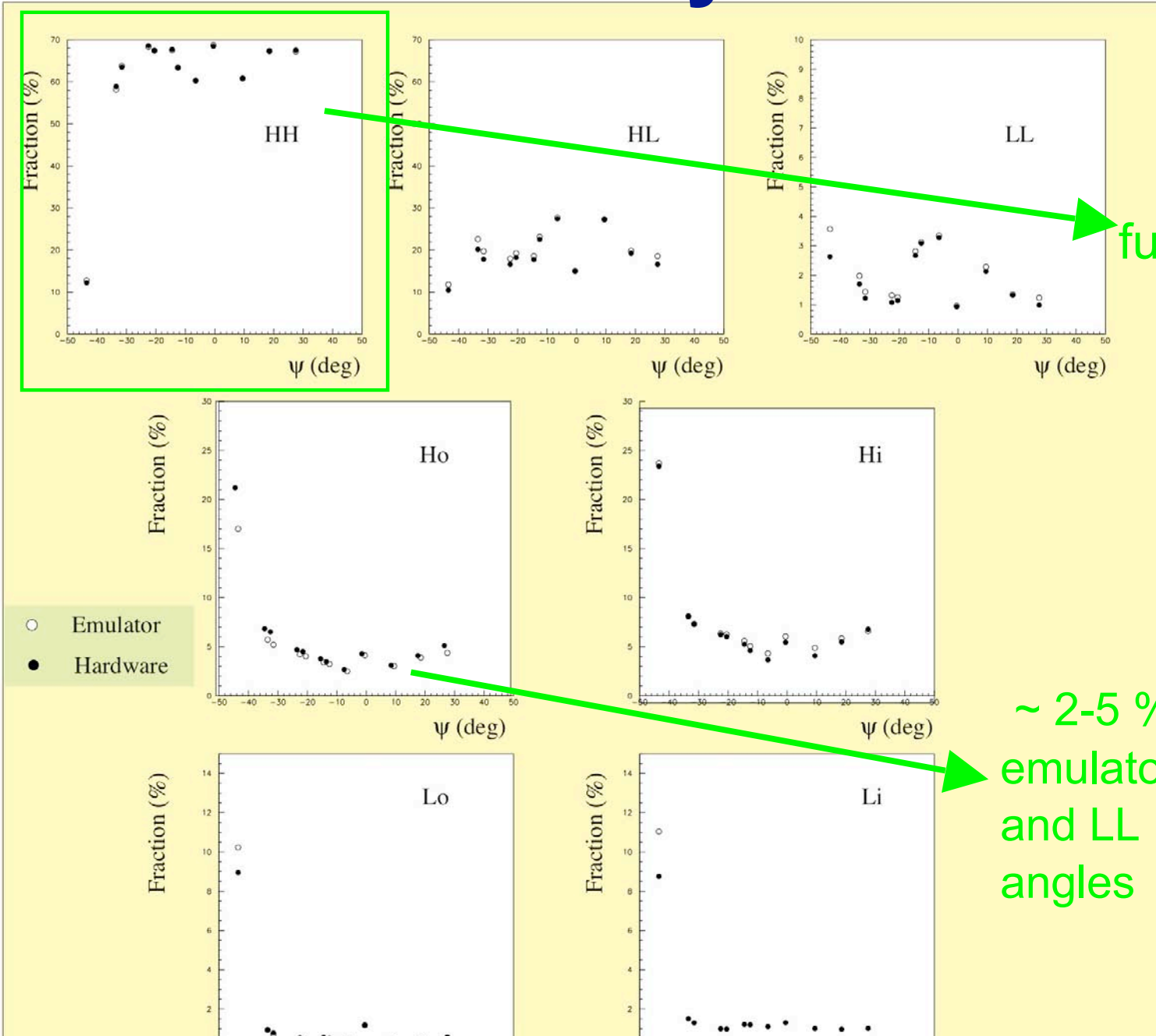


$$\text{efficiency} = \frac{\text{trig. right bx}}{\text{scint. trig.}}$$

**<1 % differences
up to 35⁰**

*differences may be
associated to still not
correct implementation*

BX Efficiency for each trigger type



full agreement for HH

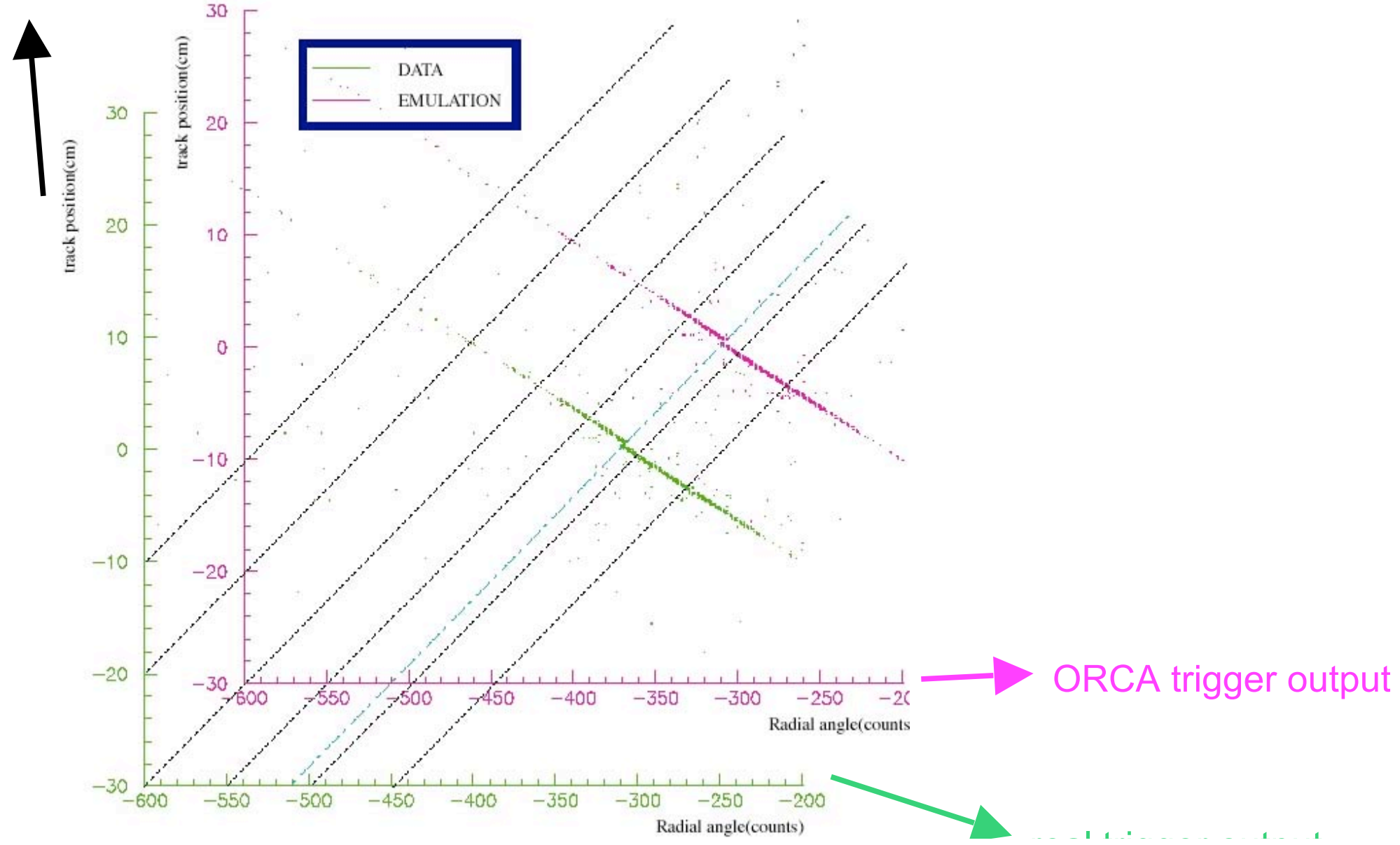
~ 2-5 % Ho trig deficit in emulator compensated by HL and LL especially at large angles

Fitted vs Trigger Track

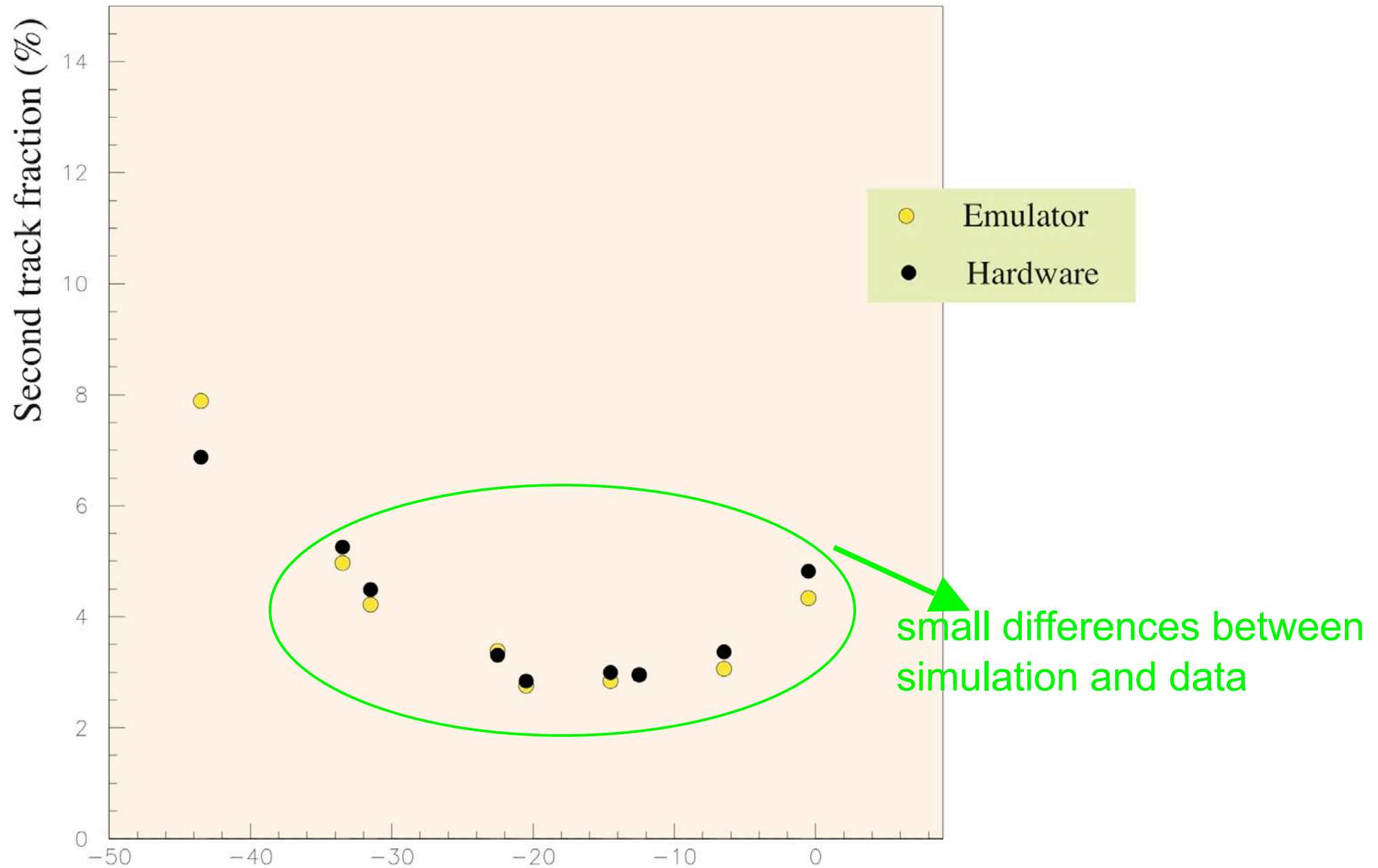
Position: emulation - data comparison

ORCA track fit

Incident angle 0 degrees



In time noise



Comparison of performance for different configurations

OK {

fix

0°	Configuration					
	Default	L accepted if H0	L rejected	BTI LTS off	TRACO LTS on	TS ghost rejection off
efficiency	82.36	87.60	81.66	81.77	80.70	82.18
	82.37	87.70	81.68	81.77	80.75	82.18
in-time noise	2.84	3.65	1.28	0.84	1.71	57.16
	2.51	3.44	1.20	0.32	2.24	57.36
off-time noise	50.67	15.14	8.11	190.79	24.63	61.02
	52.20	34.65	8.86	192.83	33.90	115.76

OK {

fix

30°	Configuration					
	Default	L accepted if H0	L rejected	BTI LTS off	TRACO LTS on	TS ghost rejection off
efficiency	88.10	87.60	86.50	87.79	87.17	87.82
	88.22	87.70	86.63	87.81	87.75	87.93
in-time noise	3.45	3.65	2.00	2.06	2.64	27.26
	3.83	3.44	1.90	0.53	3.30	27.70
off-time noise	72.20	15.14	14.60	202.23	38.48	81.81
	100.65	34.65	33.38	271.34	41.87	138.05

Hardware

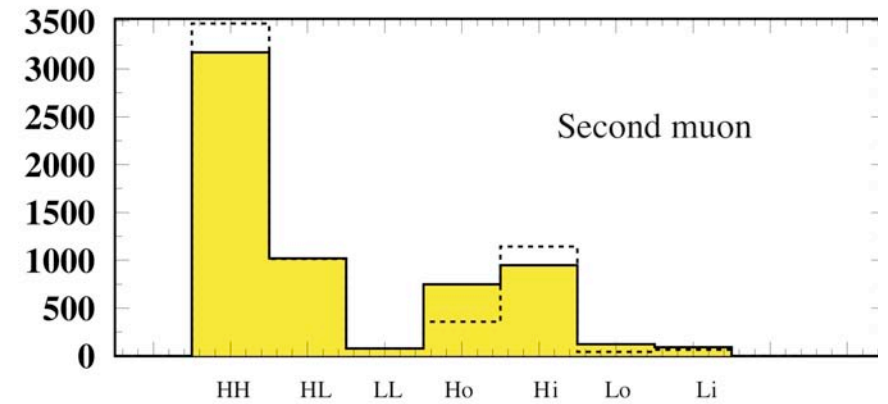
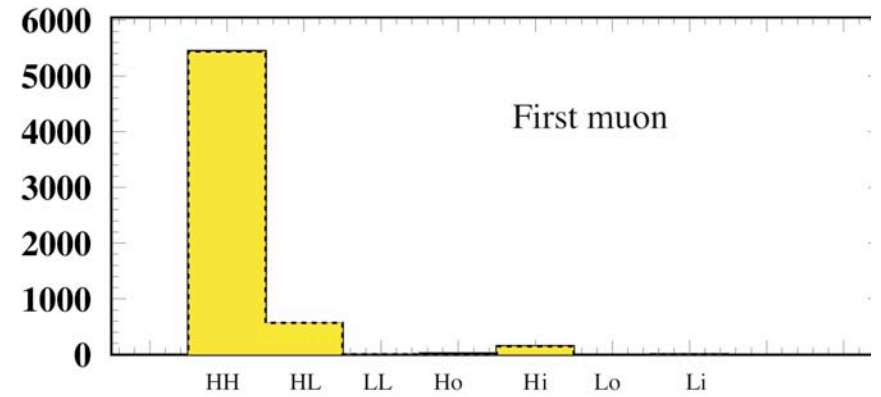
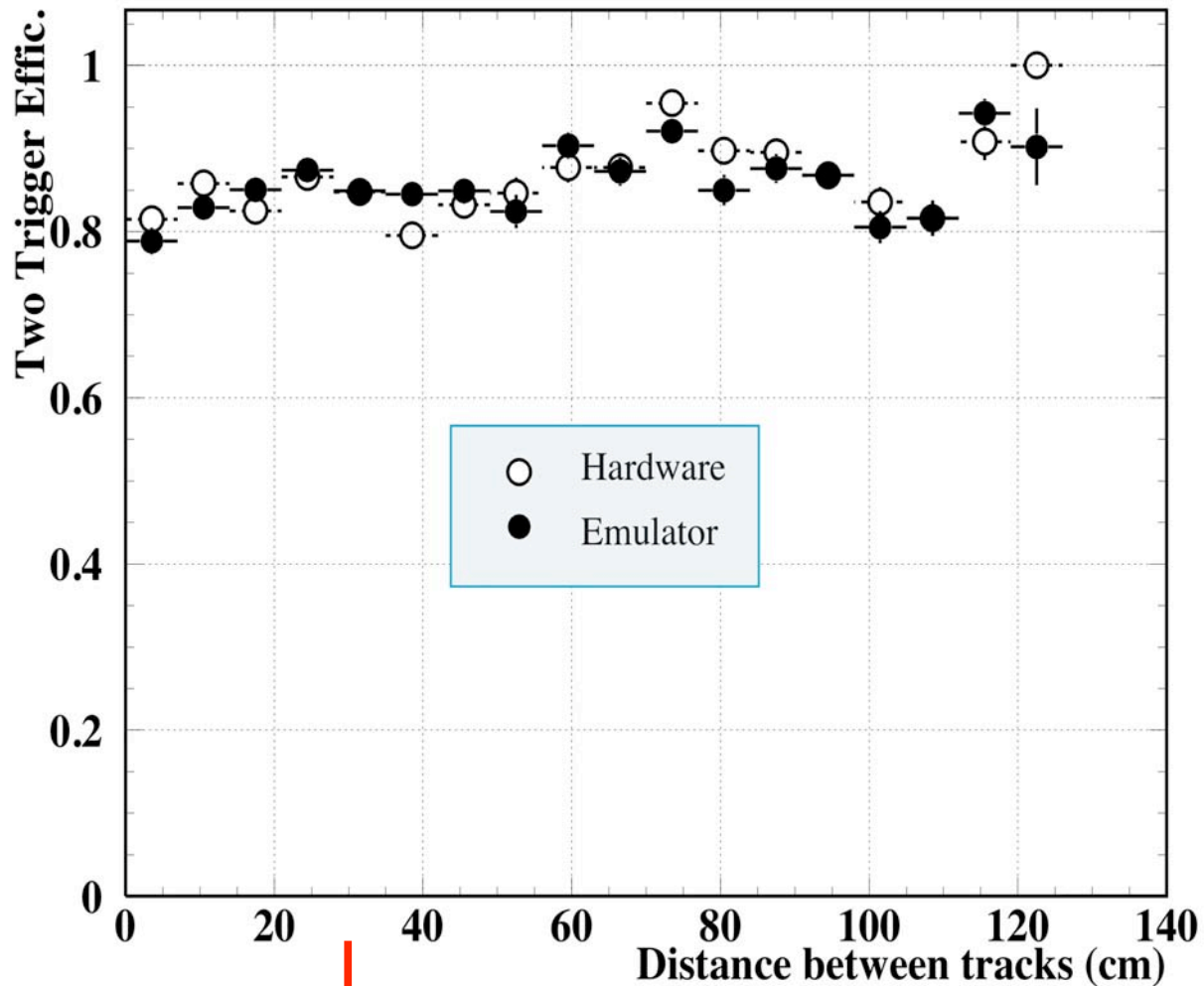
Emulator



to give suggestions of the work to do: efficiency and in time

noise correct off-time noise emulator needs default

Two muons sample (Stefano Marcellini et al.)



fluctuations due to poor

10% deficit for 2nd muon of emulated
HH compensated by Ho: dead TDC

...for a better agreement...

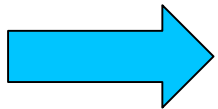
- verify the **correct implementation** of BTI and TRACO emulator algorithm in ORCA (fix and debug!)
- verify that the relations between BTIs, TRACOs, TRIGGER SERVER in a **emulated chamber works properly**
- emulator trigger input are TDC data, NOT trigger input: need to **tune input conversion** ! (similar to hardware synchronization)
- take into account **hardware malfunctioning** (e.g. **TDC dead channels**)

Conclusions and future plans:

IN THE SHORT RUN...

- fix testbeam data comparison incongruence
- release fixed code in ORCA_8
- write exhaustive BTI and TRACO documentation

IN THE LONG RUN... be able to TUNE CMS TRIGGER PARAMETERS TO GAIN HIGHER EFFICIENCY AND LOWER NOISE!



using EXACT Trigger Board emulator

study and optimize CMS trigger performance

in the real expected CMS situation, e.g.: - noisy and dead channels

- wide angle distribution